## Montgomery County Hazard Mitigation



# Hazard Mitigation Plan Requirements

- Disaster Mitigation Act passed in 2000
- Requires plan adoption by all municipalities
- Plans linked to future funding
- Plans must be updated each 5 years- Deadline for update is 1/17/18.

## Roles and Responsibilities

- All 62 Municipalities
- Pennsylvania Emergency Management Agency (PEMA)
- Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)
- Montgomery County Public Safety Department
- Montgomery County Planning Commission

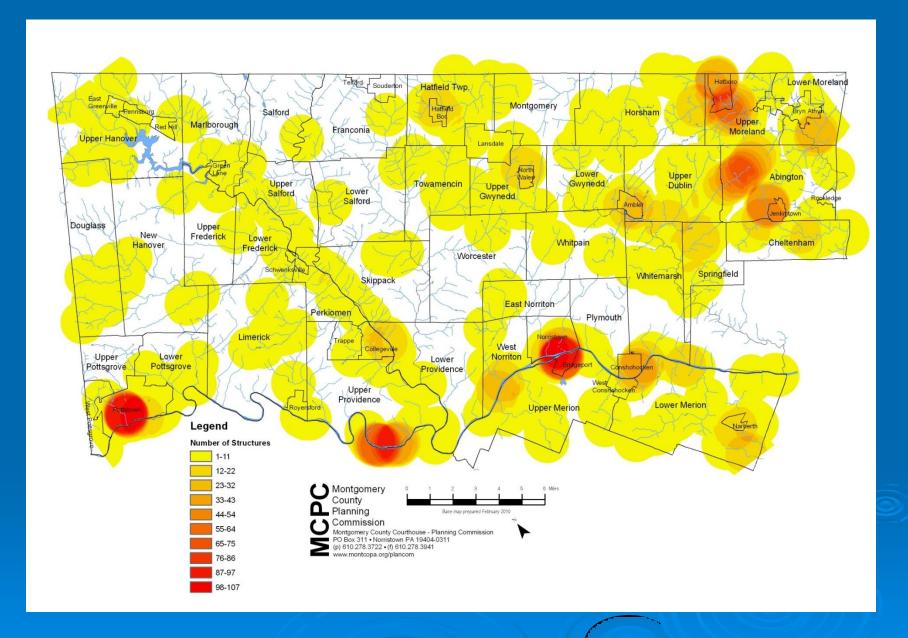
## Local Mitigation Plan Contents

- > Introduction
- Overview of Montgomery County
- Hazard Mitigation and Risk
- Capability Assessment
- Mitigation Action Plan
- Public Involvement
- > Appendix

## Flooding

- Flooding is common in the county
- Approximately 2,500 homes and over 400 businesses are located in flood prone areas
- Flooding has caused several deaths recently
- High vulnerability





## Hurricane, Tropical Storm, and Northeasters

- Major storm systems
- Associated with major flooding and wind damage events
- Storm tracks are often more coastal but rain impact can be more extreme inland



#### Winter Storms

- A variety of winter storms have struck the county in the past
- > 1995- 2011 150 winter storm and ice events
- Can cause disruption of utilities and services
- Moderate vulnerability



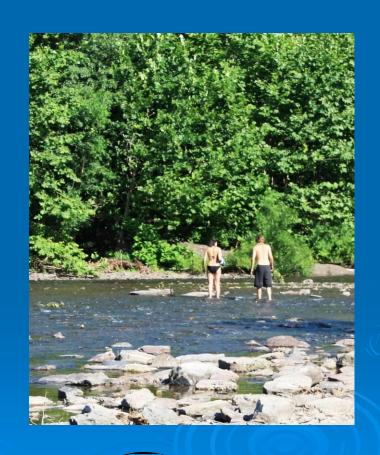
## **Utility Interruption**

- PUC measures reliability
- Disruption from natural events and equipment failure
- Low to medium vulnerability



## Extreme Temperature

- Heat and cold temperature extremes
- 140 extreme heat events and 65 extreme cold events in past 60 years
- Low to moderate vulnerability



## Transportation Accident

- Includes highway, train and aviation
- 609,000 licensed drivers and various commuters
- > 5 airports
- > 3 major rail operators



## Lightning

- 41 major lightning events in the county since 1950
- Can cause fires and utility disruption
- Low vulnerability



## Radiological Release Incidents

- Limerick Nuclear Power Station
- Radioactive material at various medical and research facilities
- Very low probability of events, but dramatic damage potential



#### Landslide

- Includes various types of soil and rock movement
- Very few areas in the county have extreme slopes subject to landslides
- Can be dangerous when impacts highway or railroads



#### Subsidence

- Sinkholes have formed in several locations in Upper Merion, Whitemarsh and Plymouth Townships Less than 5% of the county is in sinkhole prone areas
- Moderate vulnerability in a few municipalities



## Drought

- 6 drought emergencies in the county over the last 21 years
- Droughts impact the entire county for extended periods of time
- Low vulnerability county wide; Moderate vulnerability in some municipalities



#### Severe Wind

- Severe wind conditions have occurred 37 times since 1950
- 15 tornadoes in the county since 1950
- Primary damage due to fallen trees and downed power lines
- Moderate vulnerability

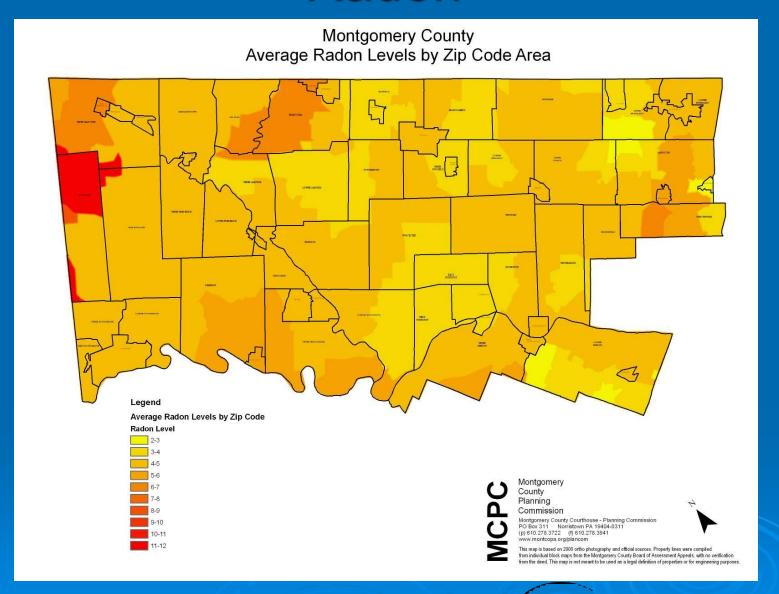


#### Radon

- Relatively common throughout the county
- Long term impact
- Moderate vulnerability

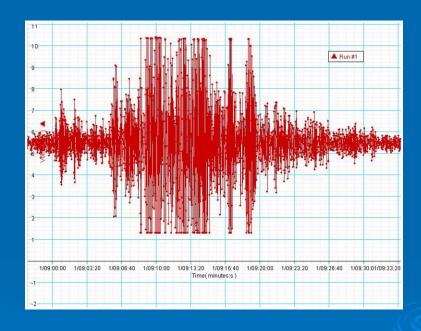


#### Radon



## Earthquakes

- 35 earthquakes caused damage in PA throughout history.
- No earthquakes above 6 Richter Scale in Montgomery
- Montgomery County is in a moderate earthquake zone.



#### Wild Fire

- 47 fires consuming 30 acres in the county over past 40 years
- Currently wild fire is a big concern
- Farmland, vacant and woodland is about one-third of the county
- Low vulnerability



#### Hail

- 61 hail storms in the county since 1950
- Building and crop damage
- Localized events
- Low vulnerability



## Building/ Structure Collapse

- Significant in areas with high vacancy and orphan properties
- Collapse could impact adjoining properties, roads and sidewalks



#### Civil Disturbance

- Minor events in the past
- Few vulnerable locations for protest events
- Overall low vulnerability



### Dam Failure

- > Over 50 dams
- 22 significant dams impacting the county
- Impact is localized and defined in EAPs
- Low vulnerability



## Cyber Security Disruption

- Various types of disruption to internet and users
- Business and high security systems are the most vulnerable
- Low overall vulnerability



#### **Environmental Hazard**

- Various types of Environmental Hazards
- Approx. 300 Sara III sites in the county
- History of pipeline leaks and explosions
- Moderate vulnerability



#### Levee Failure

- Two very small levee systems in the county
- Low vulnerability



#### **Terrorist Attack**

- Potential targets include government facilities, large gathering spots and symbolic locations
- Activities involve bomb, kidnappings, cyber attacks, and use of chemical, radioactive, or biological materials
- Not as vulnerable as other locations in PA



## Urban Fire and Explosion

- Over 20,000 fire calls annually
- Age and density of development are key factors
- Low to moderate vulnerability



## Mitigation Strategy

- Goals and Objectives
- Strategic Mitigation Actions
- Overall Mitigation Measures
  - County-wide program
  - Additional vulnerability analysis
- Potential Mitigation Projects

- Goal 1: Develop a better understanding of potential disasters that could occur in the county
  - Outreach and training
  - Various database and GIS products
  - Monitoring environment
  - Improve reporting and record keeping
  - Better communication through Knowledge Center

- Goal 2: Ensure that the public understands potential hazards and is aware of which actions to be taken to minimize their risks
  - Internet and social media outlets
  - Signage and warning systems
  - Commuter education
  - Emergency response planning
  - Investigate new warning technology
  - General education for the public

- Goal 3: Significantly reduce the risk of loss of life, injuries, economic costs and destruction of natural and cultural resources that result from all hazards
  - Code officer training
  - Coordination with utilities
  - Ensure maintenance of emergency action plans for dams
  - Continue to provide first responder training
  - Inventory county property for hazard vulnerability
  - Develop emergency preplans for high haz facilities

- Goal 3 Cont':
  - Shade tree controls
  - Extreme temperature warnings
  - Limerick Power Plant evacuation plans
  - Household hazardous waste collection
  - Land use planning to reduce hazards
  - Continue SE PA Regional Task Force involvement

- Goal 4: Encourage and promote actions to minimize the impact of floods within the county
  - Buyouts of frequent flooded property structures
  - Elevation of flood prone structures
  - Develop control basin structures
  - Schuylkill River flood stage warning
  - Stream system management
  - Stormwater basin effectiveness study
  - Stream corridor preservation
  - Complete stormwater management plans

#### Goal 4 Cont':

- Flood reduction through road improvements
- Develop safe flood routes and uniform road closure systems
- Complete new flood maps and update municipal flood plain ordinances
- Work with Temple Univ. and other partners to study critical flooded areas
- Make various drainage system improvements
- Develop incentives to remove flood prone structures

## Changes in the County



#### Since the last Plan

- Bakken Crude Transport
- > Landslides
- Extension of Limerick Power Plant License
- New Pa Penitentiary
- Closure of Willow Grove Naval Air Station
- County Debris Management Plan prepared

## Since the Last Plan (con't)

- > FIRM Map modernization update
- All municipal flood plain ordinances revised
- Several highway projects and bridge replacements
- Several hazard mitigation projects completed
- Completion of flood control dams in Upper Dublin

## Next Steps

- Form a study committee (Fall 2016)
- Schedule public meeting workshop (Winter 2016/2017)
- Mail out vulnerability and issues survey to all municipalities (Fall 2016)
- Various workshops and targeted fact finding meetings (Winter 2016/ 2017)